

Edmonton Bulletin.

Vol. XXII, No. 31.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1900.

SEMI-WEEKLY, 4 PAGES.

Kimberley Relieved.

General French with a Column of Cavalry, Mounted Infantry and Artillery Reaches the beleaguered City. Brilliant Cavalry Raid. Five Boer Leaders Captured. On to Bloemfontein.

Winnipeg, Feb. 16, '00. Kimberley has been relieved. Roberts cables from Jacobsdal: "French with force of 4,000 effected relief of Kimberley yesterday."

London, Feb. 16th: The war office reports that General French reached Kimberley Thursday evening. The following is Lord Roberts' message to the war office:

"Jacobsdal Feb. 15, 2 a.m.—French with a force of artillery, cavalry and mounted infantry reached Kimberley this evening, (Thursday)."

London, 4.30 a.m.—The Boers have made no preparations to defend Bloemfontein and there is no particular reason why Cronje should risk a battle to protect the capital of the Free State. Operations elsewhere apparently suspended.

A correspondent wiring from Chieveley, Feb. 13, says: "We are still hopeful of relieving Ladysmith."

Baden-Powell in a despatch from Mafeking, dated Jan. 29, after mentioning matters already sent out by correspondents, gives his total casualties up to Jan. 29, as follows: Killed five officers and sixty men; wounded, 8 officers and 123 men; missing, 34 men.

No word has been received regarding Gatacre's 12,000 men at Stormberg. The impression is that these forces are on the way to join Roberts.

London, Feb. 16.—The Daily Mail has the following despatch from Lorenzo Marquez, dated yesterday: "A prominent Pretoria citizen, just from Ladysmith, informs me that the Boers are rapidly damming the Klip river. Two thousand Kaffirs are employed in the work and have deposited 10,000 sand bags already. They are only able to work during the night time as they would be under the British fire during the day. This citizen however, believes that the operation will be futile."

Boer Head Lager, Ladysmith, Monday, Feb. 12.—Since Friday everything has been quiet. The English with their cannon have moved towards Chieveley. They found the Boer position unassailable on the Upper Tugela.

London, Feb. 16.—The correspondent of the Times at Lorenzo Marquez, telegraphing Wednesday, says: "The Republics are now obtaining substantial supplies of sugar, coffee and flour through a Delagoa Bay firm, and further heavy consignments are expected within a fortnight. It is believed also that munitions of war are still passing through."

Durban, Feb. 14, Wednesday.—At the request of Lord Roberts, Sir Wm. McCormac left Durban to-day to direct in person the medical and surgical preparations at the front.

Ottawa, Feb. 15.—Military order issued to-day says that Canadian Mounted Rifles will receive cavalry rates of pay while on special service in South Africa.

New York, Feb. 15.—Fifty men, nearly all young and stalwart, sailed to-day on the French line steamer, La Guineigona, on their way to South Africa. Most of the men are Irish-American recruits in Chicago and are in charge of Dr. John P. Macnamara, chief surgeon. He said that they were going to South Africa in the cause of humanity, to aid the sick and wounded of Boer army.

The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Chronicle telegraphing Wednesday says: "It is reported that the British have evacuated Rensburg and retired to Arundel."

Boer Lager, near Ladysmith, Sunday, Feb. 13.—Yesterday Gen. Botha with a small force crossed the Tugela to the deserted British camp where he encountered 500 Boers of whom 13 were killed, 5 wounded and 9 taken prisoners. One of the prisoners was sent to tell the British to fetch their wounded.

London, Feb. 15.—In the house of commons to-day during the course of a reply to a question relative to the probable Boer invasion of Zululand, the government had decided if native territories were invaded by the Boers that natives "will be encouraged and assisted in every way in defending themselves." Chamberlain's reply confirmed reports of invasion of Zululand and showed that consequences could not fail to be serious throughout South Africa as the alarm and unrest of the Zulus was bound to spread to Natal natives. The colonial secretary also said that Natal ministry had notified the home government that it could not any longer be responsible for peaceful attitude of the Zulu, as the invasion of their country was contrary to the tacit compact that the natives should not be dragged into the war.

London, Feb. 15th.—The silence at the front has been broken and what ever occurs anywhere else is of little

account. Lord Roberts and Lord Kitchener, having concentrated a full army corps with a cavalry brigade, and artillery could be trusted to find better employment for it than that of lining the railway on Orange and Modder rivers. They have done so and their secret is at last out. Gen. French's cavalry brigade which had been manœuvring around Colesburg seized on Thursday the crossing on Riet river at Dikele's drift and the sixth and seventh divisions were then tamped on the east bank of that river. At midnight last night a report from Lord Roberts described a brilliant cavalry raid by Gen. French with three brigades of cavalry and a strong force of horse artillery in which three lagers were captured, and supporting movement conducted by General Gordon by which two lagers were taken. These dash movements are proofs that the British campaign has entered with an entirely new phase.

London, 16, 4.30 p.m.—As the wires are closed to the correspondents with Roberts and as nothing further from him has been communicated to the public, the military adopts spend their time in studying maps of the topography and figuring out the possibilities of Roberts' communications and what there is left for Boers to do.

Cronje's communications with Bloemfontein have already been cut and the best news England could hear would be that he elects to give battle among the low hills and ridges west of Kimberley. Should he determine not to do this he must raise the siege of Kimberley and retreat to a point where he would prefer to fight. This retreat could be a long detour around the head of the British advance on Bloemfontein or as seems to military students more practicable he could withdraw to the north using the railway for his guns and heavy baggage moving to Fourteen Streams station and thence into the Transvaal territory.

TELEGRAPHIC.

The New Brunswick legislature was formally opened.

J. M. Robinson, bursar of Brandon, asylum, has resigned.

An Ottawa woman died in a sleep that lasted 100 hours.

Brampton, Ontario's electric light plant was destroyed by fire.

Lord Chesterfield and Miss Enid Wilson were married in London.

Sir Edmund J. Manson is returning to the British embassy, Paris.

Ribahi, a Sudanese chieftain, has been killed by a French expedition.

A large number of parties have left Dawson for Cape Nome gold diggings.

Philippine insurgents burned the town of Dargaga, but were finally repulsed.

Ex-Ald. Greens, of Ottawa, is dead.

Jeffries and Corbett will fight on May 14th.

Four persons were killed at the C. P. R. crossing near Three Rivers, Que., by an express.

The Toronto Granites carried off the Ontario tankard for the fifth time in the club's history.

The British government's war scheme was endorsed by the commons.

Lords Rosebery and Salisbury were the principal debaters.

Eskimos report through Bishop Neuhum of Moncton that two white men came down in a balloon last summer and were murdered.

The Royal Canadian competition has been started at Winnipeg hospital. The grand challenge event is narrowing down and this Walker-ville is well under way.

Ottawa, 15.—Gen. Hutton at a dinner given to him last night took the following fling at the government in presence of militia officers, whom he says share his views quoted: "I should however feel more hopeful of the future of Canada if the government had ever shown an active interest in our recent efforts for a higher efficiency or indicated its approval of the principles upon which our efforts are based."

Sir Richard Cartwright in answer to an opposition question revealed the methods by which the conservatives distributed political pamphlets prior to 1896 election at the expense of the country. A number of western railway bills were introduced or amended. It is stated by members that too small a figure is being offered by Dr. McEwan for horses for Strathcona Horse.

LOCAL.

—C. Marker, inspector of government creameries, came in Monday and returned south Tuesday.

—F. J. Fisher and wife arrived on Monday. Mr. Fisher assumes the management of the H. B. Co. store here.

—W. E. Bredin, trader of Lesser Slave lake, came in Monday and left for Wetaskiwin on Tuesday on a brief visit.

—Winnipeg Tribune: Indian Commissioner Laird has gone to inspect the western agencies as far as Edmonton.

—Levi Gardner, an elderly and indigent man, who had been cared for in the hospital here for some time, died last week.

—Rev. John McDougall arrives on tonight's train accompanied by the new incumbent of the White Horse lake mission, Rev. Mr. McArthur, late missionary there, leaves in about a month for the Lake of the Woods to open another mission there under control of another board of missions.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TEACHER WANTED
For Egg Lake Public School District No. 429 First or second class certificate. Duties to commence about March 1st. Yearly salary, to be paid in monthly installments, \$100.00. NATHANIEL LOGAN, Egg Lake P.O.

TO RENT.
Home on Fraser Avenue, lately occupied by Mrs. Petrie. Good well. Apply to G. H. WHARTON.

FOR SALE
The Strugan River Mill building. New, about 25 x 42, two double floors and basement, double boarded and papered between. Very substantial and very suitable for granary on farm. Can be easily taken down in sections and moved and put up with no injury to lumber or shingles. Tenders will be received till March 10th.

Address Box 166, Edmonton.

Notice re School Taxes.
Unless all arrears of Taxes in Belrose School District No. 6 are paid within thirty days from February 15th, 1900, action to recover the same as provided by law will be taken.

JOHN HAROLD, Jr., Sec'y-Treas., Edmonton.

Notice re School Taxes.
Notice is hereby given that all School Taxes due Egg Lake Public School District No. 429 must be paid on or before March 1st, 1900, or proceedings according to law will be taken.

NATHANIEL LOGAN, Collector and Treasurer.

NOTICE.
Sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned up to the 15th day of March, 1900, at noon, for the purchase of the following:

1. Poplar Lake Skinning Station building.

2. Strugan Skinning Station building.

3. Strugan Ice House.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

A. C. RUTHERFORD, Sec'y-Treas. Edmonton District Bitter & Cheese Mfg. Association, Ltd.

S. Strathcona, Feb. 14th, 1900.

Seeds.

Brandon Seed House

FIELD Varieties of all kinds including both GRAIN and GRASS.

GARDEN Varieties of all kinds, including VEGETABLE and FLOWER Seeds.

Send for our Catalogue which will be mailed to you as soon as issued.

A. E. MCKENZIE & Co., BRANDON, MANITOBA.

NOTICE.
The Liquor License Ordinance North West Territories.

Application has been made by Samuel Watley Carter for the transfer to him of the hotel license granted to Neville White in respect of the Queen's Hotel at Fort Saskatchewan.

In case any protest against the granting of the transfer is received within fifteen days from the date of the advertisement of this notice, the application will be considered by the Board of License Commissioners for License District No. 2, at Edmonton, on Tuesday, the 13th day of March, 1900, at 10 o'clock, a.m.

Dated at Regina, this 10th day of February, 1900.

R. B. GORDON, Acting Chief License Inspector.

IF YOU BUY

BOOTS AND SHOES

You must buy them right as to Quality and Price. This can only be done by buying from

J. H. MORRIS & Co.

Our stock of Boots and Shoes is the largest and best assorted in Town.

OUR MOTTO IS: QUALITY the BEST, PRICES the LOWEST

J. H. MORRIS & CO.

FARM LANDS.

Referring to my advertisement lately running in this paper calling for FARM LANDS to sell, I have found it necessary to print and distribute my pamphlet "Farm Lands for Sale" earlier than was expected. It is now in the printer's hands. I intend, however, to issue a supplementary number about the end of February and will ask those wishing to dispose of their farms to place them with me before that date.

I may say that these pamphlets are going directly into the hands of intending settlers, every one of whom will buy or take up land in this district.

T. A. STEPHEN, Real Estate Agent, EDMONTON.

The "Sylvester"

...COMES AT LAST.

Just arrived a carload of

Sylvester Shoe Drills and Machinery.

The Sylvester leads them all in Manitoba and will in Edmonton. Call and see them.

JAS. WALSH, V. S. Agent, Back of Massey-Harris, Edmonton.

Bulls for Sale.

Two Registered Thoroughbred Short-horn Bulls, one eleven and the other sixteen months old. May be seen at Spruce Grove P. O., where any information concerning same may be had. Apply to

JNO. A. McPHERSON, Spruce Grove, Alta.

Lost.

On Feb. 2 d on Henry Block's premises, north of Stony Plain Reserve, a grey robe lined with striped blanket. Whoever finds the same and returns it to the priest of Stony Plain Reserve will be rewarded for his trouble.

Hockey Club Ball.

Under the auspices of the Edmonton Hockey Club.

Robertson Hall, Feb'y 23rd.

Tickets \$1.50, including lady.

Ladies 25c.

THOS. HOUSTON, R. G. HARDISTY, President, Sec'y-Treas.

HORSES.

Two carloads of Heavy Draught and General Purpose Mares and Geldings will arrive on the 20th inst. For sale at Cartage Co.'s old stables.

D. STEWART.

Our New Goods

FOR

Spring and Winter Wear

HAVE JUST ARRIVED.

There is no need to and away from home for a New or Stylish Suit. We can compete in Price, Style and Workmanship with any eastern firm. Try us. Don't send your orders away. Patronize home industry and be convinced. Our new line of Scotch Tweeds, Serges, Cheviots, Clay Worsted and full line of Pastings are worthy of inspection.

PROCTOR & SAIGEON, IMPERIAL BANK BLOCK.

J. T. BLOWEY

Furniture.

Edmonton and Strathcona.

1000 Chairs just arrived which we will sell at 45c, 50c, 55c, 60c up to \$25.

You cannot do without a Clothes Horse in the cold weather.

3 leaves, 4ft high, \$1.25

3 leaves, 5ft high, \$1.75

J. T. BLOWEY.

Post Office Drug Store, Edmonton

Chest Protectors

VERSES

Cough Remedies.

If it is a question of chest protector, or cough and cold remedies, choose the former every time. The latter may be effective—but there's the inconvenience. The Chest Protector prevents coughs and colds. It's a sort of insurance policy, and the rate isn't high—not with the handsome chamois and felt-lined protectors which we are selling. We are willing to ruin our cough medicine trade by selling everybody a chest protector.

G. H. GRAYDON,

Post Office Drug Store, Edmonton

School Suits for Boys.

For years we have devoted our special attention to the Clothing needs of the Boys and Little Men. This department has so developed until we now show the largest and most complete range of Boys' Clothing in Edmonton.

Our School Suits are particularly adapted for the rough usage of the play ground, with short and long pants, single and double breasted, for boys of all ages, from \$2.50 up to \$6.00.

Then our Little Men's Suits are very cute, they fit so well and look so nice on the little fellows, pleasing the mothers and charming the boys. Price \$1.25 to \$5.00 each.

Come and bring the boys—we will do the rest.

W. T. Henry & Co.

McDougall & Secord.

...NEW...

Spring Goods

ARRIVING EVERY DAY.

Black Dress Goods.

We are showing a magnificent range of these Goods at prices to suit all pockets, from 25c a yard to \$3.

SERGES, LUSTRES, CREPOLINE CORD

CASHMERES, SECILLONS, CHEVIOT CLOTHS

POPLINS, BOX CLOTHS, Etc., Etc. Etc.

Colored Dress Goods.

In Cut Dress Ends. Over a hundred different patterns, no two alike, at wonderfully low prices.

Ladies' Skirt Patterns.

This is the line we make a special effort to carry the very newest and most up-to-date Goods in.

FANCY CREPONS, TARTANS,

FANCY TWEEDS, FRENCH MIXTURES,

FANCY HOMESPUNS, ENGLISH CHECKS.

Linen Goods.

TABLE DAMASKS, TOWELINGS,

TABLE NAPKINS, DOTLEYS,

TABLE COVERS, CENTRE PIECES

Flannelettes.

ENGLISH, REVERSIBLE, GREYS,

PINKS, STRIPES, CHECKS,

All beautiful West Goods.

House Furnishings.

LACE CURTAINS, RUGS,

DAMASK CURTAINS, ART SQUARES,

CARPETS, LINOLEUMS.

Ladies' Ready-made Goods.

JACKETS, WRAPPERS, BLOUSES,

SKIRTS, CAPES, SUITS.

FIGHTING BEYOND THE TUGELA.

The London Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Sparrman's Camp, in a despatch dated February 5th says: "Under the personal direction of Gen. Buller, the attack on the Boer position was begun this morning by nearly the whole of our batteries. 72 guns shelling the ridges where the enemy have their trenches and redoubts on the Brakfontein, the low crest facing the redoubts on the Brakfontein, and the low crest facing Potgieter's Drift.

Several hills were smoking like volcanoes from the effects of the bombardment, which set on fire their stores and the grass. While the third pontoon bridge was being constructed under fire near Skiet Drift, the eleventh brigade, now under the command of Col. Wynne, made a demonstration marching across the meadows with the support of seven batteries of artillery.

"At 11 o'clock the enemy opened a heavy cannonade of shrapnel, common shell and pom-pom shells chiefly from Spion Kop. This was accompanied by a rattling musketry fire. Our gunners behaved admirably and were as cool as if upon parade. The demonstration having gained its effect, the real attack upon the Boer position was delivered at 4 o'clock. The Durham Light Infantry carried Vaalkrantz, the key of the lower ridge, while General Hildyard's brigade assailed the higher ridges. The general and his troops are bivouacked upon the field of battle. In the language of boudoir bulletins, 'mother and child are doing well.' Our losses are trifling."

Sparrman's Camp, Wednesday, Feb. 7.—The war balloon has proved a most useful adjunct, making ascents daily and getting information as to the Boer positions. The Boers directed a heavy shrapnel fire in the endeavor to destroy the balloon apparatus. The artillery behaved splendidly throughout, ably covering the infantry retirement from the front attack, in the face of heavy Boer shell fire. It is believed that the Boers suffered very heavily as their ambulances were hard at work.

The Boer position consisted of a line of kopjes, strongly entrenched, extending three miles from Spion Kop, and curving sharply at the eastern end to the south, about opposite Wartsa Kop, which is a steep hill south of the Tugela, that the British occupied before the seizure of Potgieter's Drift. After the capture of Krantz Kloof the heavy Boer fire prevented a further advance Monday. The next morning the Boers indulged in long range shell fire, but in the afternoon they made a vigorous attempt to recapture the position. Their assault was made upon the northern end of the kopje, and, at first, it was successful. Reinforcements, were, however, hurried up, and the British recaptured the position at the point of the bayonet.

The Boer Version.
Boer Head Lager, Ladysmith, Tuesday, Feb. 6.—Since yesterday the British, with naval and other guns, have bombarded our positions on the Upper Tugela. The troops crossed the river at the point and at Molen Drift, with the object of storming our positions. At the former Gen. Burger beat them back and they recrossed in disorder. The fighting continues at Molen Drift with the Standerton and Johannesburg commands. The cannonade was the fiercest yet experienced. There was a continued roaring all day long. This morning it recommenced with an increased number of guns.

Boer Head Lager, Ladysmith, Tuesday, Feb. 6, 11 p. m.—Further reports of yesterday's fighting at the Upper Tugela river show that the British lost heavily at Pont Drift, but took an unimportant position on a small kopje, on the Molen Drift side. Four Boers were killed. The British loss is unknown. They are still in possession of the kopje, and the big guns have ceased firing.

The Second Day.
London, Feb. 9th: The Daily Telegraph correspondent describes the following day's fighting, stating that the battle was raging fiercer than the preceding day. It consisted chiefly of an artillery duel. On the suspension of hostilities at night the British were occupying a kopje called Vaalkrantz, in the centre of a semi-circle, where the troops were exposed to the Boer artillery on both sides and centre—a second Spion Kop. The finale of the third attempt to relieve Ladysmith appears to be told by the following:

Another Retirement (7)
London, Feb. 10.—5:15 a. m.—A special despatch from Sparrman's Camp, dated yesterday (Friday) noon, says, that owing to the Boer cross-fire and the impossibility of intrenching Vaalkrantz, General Buller's forces withdrew. The Financial News which publishes this despatch suggest that General Buller has not yet actually recrossed the Tugela.

Buller is once more south of the Tugela river, Gen. Macdonald is back at Molder river, and apparently the Boers have lost none of the ascendancy they have held so long. Yet to-day's news by no means causes acute disappointment attendant upon other failures to relieve Ladysmith. This can be attributed to three causes:

First—There is a strong belief that Buller's last attempt was only a demonstration on a large scale.

Second—Wiser critics had warned the public not to expect the immediate relief of White.

Third—The nation has settled down to a realization that the war will

last a long time, and they are not awayed by minor reverses and victories.

The second and third reasons are self-explanatory. The first requires considerable elucidation. In favor of the opinion held by Spencer Wilkinson, military critic of the Morning Post, that Buller did not intend immediately pushing on to Ladysmith, there is overwhelming evidence to show that Field Marshal Lord Roberts ordered systematic activity upon the part of all the forces. On this basis Buller's move may only be a repetition of Macdonald's and French's reconnaissances.

Mr. Balfour's ambiguous statement about awaiting the completion of plans is another strong reason for believing Gen. Buller never intended to make a main advance via Vaalkrantz, but was acting under orders of Lord Roberts. It is also curious that news of Gen. Buller's retirement first came from the Boer head lager, near Ladysmith, and that the British correspondents were allowed to send despatches before anything from Buller was published. Unusual appeal of Bennett-Burleigh, war correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph, asking the public to suspend judgment and rely upon Gen. Buller, also has considerable weight.

On the other hand, Gen. Buller's recent speech to his troops, in which he said he hoped to be in Ladysmith within a week, tends, some people claim, to throw doubt upon the belief that he has only been demonstrating in force.

COST OF CONTINGENTS.
The following resolution which is to be moved in parliament by Mr. Fielding embodies the propositions of the government as to pay of the Canadian volunteers in South Africa:

"Resolved: That it is expedient that from and out of the consolidated revenue fund of Canada there shall and may be paid and applied a sum, not exceeding \$850,000 towards payment of the expenditures incurred, or to be incurred, in sending the contingents of Canadian volunteers to South Africa.

"In addition to the said sum a further sum not exceeding \$1,150,000 towards defraying any further expenditures that may be incurred in connection with the sending of Canadian volunteers for active service in South Africa, and for providing as hereinafter mentioned for a fund by way of allowance to such volunteers or their dependents.

"The word 'expenditures' in the foregoing resolutions includes the following:

"(a) All expenses of every kind in connection with the raising, enrolling, arming, equipping, provisioning, despatching and transporting of the said contingents up to the time of their arrival at the place of embarkation in South Africa;

"(b) The payment of the officers, non-commissioned officers and men composing the said contingents up to the time of embarkation as aforesaid at the rates authorized by the regulations and orders of the department of militia and defense;

"(c) All separation allowances paid to the wives and children of the married non-commissioned officers and men at the rates laid down by the imperial regulations;

"(d) The difference between the rates of pay of the officers, non-commissioned officers and men, which they receive or are entitled to receive from Her Majesty's government during their period of service in South Africa and the respective rates of pay received up to the time of embarkation in South Africa—such difference not to be paid to such officers, non-commissioned officers and men while on such service, but the amount which would be payable to each such officer, non-commissioned officer and man, to be placed to his credit, and to be applied in such manner as the governor in council may determine for the benefit of the dependents on him, or falling on his representatives at the close of his period of service."

BRITISH LOSSES AND FORCES.
Sir Geo. H. Wyndham, K. C. M. G., parliamentary secretary for war, stated on the 5th that the latest returns from South Africa showed that altogether there were 2,220 officers and men missing. Sir George Wyndham also said that in addition to the 180,000 troops in South Africa seventeen more battalions of militia, 30,000 men and 8,000 yeomanry would be sent. The grand total would then be 194,000 effectives exclusive of the sick and wounded.

The supplementary army estimate is in up to date of March 31, and was laid down before the house of commons yesterday. It is reported that this cost of the war up to that date \$200,000,000. The maintenance of 230,000 men at the front is estimated to cost between \$8,000,000 and \$10,000,000 per month.

Arrangements have been made for securing perfect moving pictures of the departure of the second contingent and scenes relating thereto, through the Biograph Company of New York. It is proposed to exhibit these moving pictures with many other views from South Africa and the scene of the conflict, throughout Canada, for the benefit of the National Patriotic Fund.

Railway Time Table.

EXPRESS AND MAIL TRAINS.

INCOMING	
Mondays and Fridays:	
Leave Calgary at	8 a. m.
Arrive at	5 p. m.
Tuesdays and Thursdays:	
Leave Calgary at	7:30 a. m.
Arrive at	7 p. m.
OUTGOING	
Tuesdays and Saturdays:	
Leave Strathcona at	6:30 a. m.
Arrive at Calgary at	5 p. m.
Wednesdays and Fridays:	
Leave Strathcona at	7:30 a. m.
Arrive at Calgary at	7 p. m.

All trains carry passengers, mail and express. Tuesday and Wednesday trains carry only a log bag, and no way mail is taken for points between Calgary and Edmonton.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Teachers and School Boards

For some years certain irresponsible Teachers' Agencies have been reaping rich harvests at the expense of teachers and school districts. To counteract this evil, the North West Teachers' Association appointed the following committee of Public School Principals, who, without any fee, will endeavor to bring School Boards into communication with duly qualified teachers:

D. S. MacKENZIE, Strathcona, Alta.
A. M. FENWICK, M. A., Moose Jaw, Assa.
C. NEVINS, B. A., Prince Albert, Sask.
C. H. CLARKSON, Macleod, Alta.
J. F. MIDDLEMISS, Wolsley, Assa. (Chairman).

WANTED TO RENT.

For one or two years, 100 acres of improved land anywhere along the line of railway between Calgary and Edmonton or within ten miles of Edmonton. Enquire of EDMONTON BULLETIN, 28

G. H. L. BOSSANGE

Books and Stationery

NOVELS. MAGAZINES.

ALL ABOUT THE WAR.

ILLUSTRATED WEEKLIES.

WALL PAPER, ETC.



NOTICE!

Supplies for Treaty No. 8.

ATHABASCA-PEACE RIVER

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned will be received up to noon of Monday, 13th February, 1900, for the supply of Provisional District of Athabasca.

Particulars as to quantities, dates and points of delivery, etc., will be furnished on application to the undersigned, or the Indian Commissioner's Office at Winnipeg, Man.

J. D. McLEAN, Secretary.

Department of Indian Affairs, 20th January, 1900.

D. R. Fraser & Co

EDMONTON

SAW MILLS

Manufacturers and Dealers in

ROUGH and DRESSED

LUMBER.

A complete assortment of British

Columbia Fir and Cedar Lumber,

Shingles, Lath and Mouldings.

Doors and Windows

always on hand.

PRIVATE BILL.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Northwest Territories at the next session thereof for an Ordinance to incorporate the "Edmonton General Hospital."

The object for which the said incorporation is sought, is to carry on the work of a Public General Hospital and that the said Corporation shall have perpetual succession and a common seal and by the name of the "Edmonton Public Hospital" may from time to time and at all times purchase, receive, accept, hold, possess, and enjoy any lands, tenements and hereditaments and real and movable property and estate with such grants, devises, gifts and bequests as may be made by and received from the Government of the Dominion of Canada, the Territorial Government or any other corporation, person or persons whatsoever for the sole use and benefit of the said hospital.

Dated at Edmonton, in the District of Alberta, this Sixth day of February, A. D. 1900.

TAYLOR & BOYLE, Solicitors for Applicants.

CALL AT

E. RAYMER'S

Where you will find a complete stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Silverware, etc. at prices to suit everybody. Novelties made from Saskatchewan Gold.

E. RAYMER,

Repairing a special feature and all work guaranteed. Watchmaker & Jeweler.

PONDER ON THIS..

"You Can't Prey and Pray".

You can't be consistent church member and trade horses on Sunday. Neither can you be consistently successful and rob your pocket by buying poor goods for more than they're worth.

Therefore, Buy Everything You Can

FROM..

LARUE & PICARD,

GENERAL MERCHANTS, EDMONTON, ALBERTA

LAND AND MONEY SCRIP FOR SALE.



Jas. Buchanan & Co.

Scotch Whiskey Distillers and Blenders, Glasgow, Leith, London, Glenlivet.

By Appointment—purveyors to Her Majesty The Queen and H. R. H. The Prince of Wales.

Suppliers—to the British Houses of Parliament.

Matured by Age, with Unsurpassable Flavor and Absolutely Pure.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.

SOLE AGENTS FOR CANADA.

2129

MONTREAL

For Best Values

Dry-Goods, Boots and Shoes,

Ladies' Ready-to-wear Garments

PEOPLE GO TO

Closson & Wood's

YOU CAN'T MISS IT.

Right Opposite the Jacques Cartier Bank.

EDDY'S

House, Horse, Scrub and Stove

BRUSHES

THE MOST DURABLE ON THE MARKET.

THE E. B. EDDY CO. LIMITED, HULL

TEES & PERSSE, Agents, Winnipeg.

Atlantic Steamship Lines.

EMPLOYMENT

BUREAU..

Meers, McDonald & Cooper have opened an agency next door to the Bulletin office. Parties seeking situations or in need of employees, will do well to call.

Montreal, Quebec and Liverpool Service.

From From
Vancouver (Dominion) Portland, Jan. 15
California (Alton) Jan. 20 Jan. 21

From From
Lake Superior (Sever) Jan. 10 Jan. 11

First Cabin, \$55 and upwards. Second Cabin, \$25 and upwards. Steerage, \$25 and upwards.

Passengers ticketed through to all points in Great Britain and Ireland, and at specially low rates to all parts of the European continent. Prepaid passage arranged from all points.

Apply to the nearest steamship or railway ticket agent, or to

WILLIAM STITT, General Agent, Winnipeg, C. P. R. Office.

Sash and Door

FACTORY..

Cedar Sash and Doors, Frames, Moulding and Turned Work.

W. H. CLARK, Main Street, Next to Massey-Harris Co.

Edmonton Planing Mills.

Cedar Sash and Doors, Mouldings, Chaises, etc. Window and Door Frames made to order. Also all kinds of Turned Work.

Kananaskis Lumber for sale. A carload to arrive next week.

E. A. McLEOD, Proprietor, Mill and office, corner Nanapa Avenue.

P. O. Box 178

Farmers,

\$22.00

WILL BUY THE

Barefoot..

Fanning Mill

AND BAGGER..

If you know the Mill you will be pleased to learn that we have absorbed the largest factory attachment made in Canada. If you don't know the Mill come to our rooms, bring some of your direct trade, and we will prove to you that we have the nearest, easiest to handle, easiest to turn, easiest to pay for, and last but not least, the best planer and grader in the market.

AGENTS WANTED

POTTER & McDOUGALL,

Auction Rooms, McDougall Street.

Selling our line of Corn's Furnishings, Towels, Valises and Fancy Goods at 20 per cent. discount.

War In China..

Is now on, day and evening, at

Macdonald's Pharmacy.

Great Slaughter of Chinese

And Japanese fine ware, Cups, Saucers, Plates and Tea Sets, Sald dishes, etc., etc.

Souvenir China ware, Cups, Plates, Saucers, Creams, etc., with view

of Old Fort Edmonton in 1860.

MACDONALD'S

PHARMACY.

Edmonton Steam Dye Works

F. MAYERHOFFER, Proprietor.

Clothes, Blankets, Hats and Neckties cleaned and made to look as good as new. All kinds of cloth dyed.

Works near Electric Light Engine House.

LEGAL.

I. S. COWAN, ADVOCATE, NOTARY PUBLIC.

Office over Banque Jacques Cartier, Edmonton.

D. W. ROBERTSON, Barrister, etc., Bul

lvers Block.

J. C. F. BOWEN, BARRISTER, ETC.

TAYLOR & BOYLE, Barristers, Advocates,

Solicitors, Notaries, etc. Office, Imperial

Bank Block, Edmonton, and the Walter Block,

Strathcona.

H. C. TAYLOR, M. A., LL. B.

Company and Private Funds to Lend.

BECK & EMERY, ADVOCATES, NOTARIES

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ADVOCATES, NOTARIES, ETC.

Office, Common Block, Edmonton, Alberta.

Company and Private Funds to Lend. Solicitors

for the Merchants Bank of Canada.

W. M. SCOTT, C. W. CROSS.

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J. D. HARRISON, M.D., C. M.

Diagnosis and treatment 1400 deans w. st of Imperial

Bank, Edmonton.

E. A. BRATHWAITE, M.D., Office at Residence,

Third street, south of new H. B. Store. Tele-

phone connections.

P. ATYEN, M.D., C. M., McGill University

Physician, Surgeon, Accouchant, etc. Office

and residence, Fort Saskatchewan, Alberta.

T. H. WHITEHEAD, B. A., M. B.

Graduate in Arts and Medicine, Toronto University.

Member of college Physicians and Surgeons.

Office at residence, opposite Baptist Church,

in rear of Massey-Harris Implement Warehouse.

Office hours for consultation, 9 to 10:20 a. m., 1:30

to 3 p. m., 7:30 to 9 p. m.

Night bell, side entrance. Telephone No. 13.

P. ROY, M. D.

Office opposite M. J. Harris, Jasper avenue.

Office hours, 2 to 4 p. m. Telephone No. 35.

HOTELS.

ALBERTA HOTEL, Edmonton.—The above well-

known hotel having been recently enlarged

and improved, now under the management of

Jackson & O'Brien, is prepared to offer the best

accommodation in the city and the public generally

Table unsurpassed. Good sample rooms. Very in

connection. Room rates all inclusive.

JACKSON & O'BRIEN, Props.

JASPER HOUSE, north side of Main street. The

only brick hotel in Edmonton. The largest house

in Northern Alberta. First-class weekly and

board at reasonable rates. Commodious sample rooms

EDMONTON BULLETIN

(SEMI-WEEKLY.)

Printed Monday and Friday evenings.

Subscription \$100 per Year
SPECIALS IN ADVANCE.Transient advertisements: Five lines and under,
three insertions and under, \$1.00, or two cents a line
first insertion and five cents a line each week or part
of week after.
Standing advertisement: \$1.00 an inch per month.
BULLETIN CO. (LTD.)

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Situations vacant, Situations wanted, Found, Lost,
Notices of Meetings, in solid form, 25 words or under
each, for one insertion, and a cent a word for each
word over 25.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, FEB 16TH, 1900

PARLIAMENT.

Ottawa, Feb. 8th, 1900.

The first great event in the course of the session has been disposed of in quick time. The debate on the address in reply to the speech from the throne commenced on Monday afternoon and ended on Tuesday night. As the speech is supposed to outline the policy of the government for the session, so the debate on the address in reply is expected to develop the grounds of attack on and defence of that policy. This being the case it is not remarkable that the debate on the address is generally a very lengthy affair. That of last session occupied a full month—and very little was said on either side for there was very little to say. In view of the circumstances which for the first time in the history of Canada made the question of the empire the subject of debate, it was naturally expected that a great deal would be said and that a great deal of time would be taken in saying it. It was, therefore, with a feeling of great relief that the bulk of the private members heard the speaker announce the passage of the address—without amendment.

The debate was opened on Monday afternoon by Mr. Gould, the newly elected member for West Ontario, in the place of the late speaker, Sir James Edgar. Mr. Gould is a smooth shaven full featured, middle sized and middle aged man of noticeably bright and business-like appearance, looking, to the life, what he is, a successful banker. As might be expected his speech was chiefly a review of the business situation in Canada in which he saw every reason to be gratified.

Mr. Geoffrion, successor in Chambly and Vercheres, Quebec, to his relative the late Hon. Mr. Geoffrion, made a short and eloquent speech in French in the course of which he heartily endorsed the action of the government in sending the several contingents to South Africa.

And then arose Sir Charles Tupper the venerable leader of the opposition, to make his long expected criticism of the government's South African war policy. At the commencement he intimated that he would confine his criticism to that feature of the address. Sir Charles was listened to in good form and the commencement of his address was listened to intently by full benches on both sides of the house. But it became apparent before he had proceeded far that the expectations which had been raised were not to be realized. Whether due to weakness of mental power or to weakness of case, his address was on anything but the high level which the greatness of the issues involved gave opportunity for. It was not great as an exposition of Imperial ideas or of an Imperial policy; nor was it great as an attack on the policy or actions of the government. He did not attempt to question what the government had done or had not done in any point. He did not hint that they had sent a man or a gun too many or too few, that the expense was too great or too small; that the men had arrived in South Africa too soon or too late. He did not even challenge the government on its policy of payment of the troops in South Africa, which was in clear cut difference from that to which he had previously pledged himself. The whole of his complaint against the government was that at first it had hesitated to offer the contingent, and that at first the minister of public works had opposed its being sent. To this latter point he paid the greater part of his attention and read printed extracts from speeches, letters and articles to prove the disloyalty to the empire of the minister of public works, whom he spoke of as the dominant member of the government. It did not seem to strike Sir Charles that if Mr. Tarte's policy was not to send a contingent he could not be dominant because a contingent was sent. Or if he was dominant, he must have been in favor of sending it. Sir Charles spoke from a little after four o'clock until six, and from eight until nine.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier ably and vigorously replied occupying an hour. To the charge of hesitation by the cabinet he admitted that they did not take public action until war became inevitable, but within three weeks after war had been declared Canada's first contingent gathered from all corners of her vast territory, was on the sea. That was the answer of the government to the charge of hesitation, and divided counsels. He announced the policy of the government regarding the payment of the men, which had already been indicated by Mr. Gould. Canada would not interfere with the British arrangements for payment of the men in South Africa, but would supplement the scale of pay allowed by the empire by sufficient to make it equal to Canadian pay in the same ranks and arms of service. This supplementary pay would not be sent to the men in Africa,

but would be paid to their dependent relatives in Canada on assignment, and where no assignment was made, it would be held until the return of the volunteer, when it would be given him in a lump sum. Provision would also be made for pensions in case of injuries suffered.

Hon. Geo. E. Foster took up the debate for the opposition on Tuesday afternoon and held the house until six o'clock. He did not confine his attention to the war question, but dealt with the various subjects mentioned in the address. He was in excellent form, but while his reasoning was clear as usual his arguments had a decidedly peanatty flavor. He argued and thundered and abjured on the loss to the postal revenue resulting from the alleged franking of campaign literature by the minister of agriculture; an action which although not properly justifiable had been hallowed by the long and universal custom of Mr. Foster and his friends when in power. He too paid his respects at great length to the minister of public works who listened very quietly to it all. His arguments to prove that the policy of administration of the government had had nothing whatever to do with the prosperity now being enjoyed by Canada were as clever but just as specious as those which when in power he had used to prove that the policy of administration of the then government had all to do with the then existing prosperity. Mr. Foster is such a close and clever reasoner that he can afford to dispense altogether with facts in establishing any given case. Taken altogether although well delivered was negative rather than positive, and was on anything but the high Imperial level that had been expected. Only in his peroration did he rise to the height worthy of himself and of the occasion when he described the depth of interest of the individual parts of the empire in the success and greatness of the empire as a whole. What he said on this point was right and it was well said, and deserved the three cheers with which it was greeted by his party friends in the house. It might just as well have been cheered also by his opponents, as it contained no reflection upon them and voiced their sentiments as well.

Sir Richard Cartwright continued the debate at eight o'clock in a speech of more than usual vigor. Like Mr. Foster he discussed the general questions dealt with in the speech. He was particularly strong and definite on the war policy of the cabinet, and instanced the number of the sons of members of the cabinet who were with the British army in South Africa as evidence on the subject of loyalty. He used the same means to illustrate the loyalty of the French Canadian people. Dealing with the efforts of the opposition to arouse race antagonism at this time he said that Sir Charles had tried to set the French against the English on the question of the remedial bill to keep himself in power and not to be trying to set the English against the French in order to get back into power. Regarding the subject of insurance of the lives of the members of the contingent he said that Canada did not need to go to an insurance company in such a case. Canada was responsible for the way in which her soldiers were dealt with. Those at the front need have no fear. Should their wives or little ones be bereaved they would become the wards of the state.

It was expected that Mr. Bourassa or Hon. Mr. Tarte would have spoken, but the latter was ill and absent from the house and the former was not prepared to speak that night. As no one on the conservative side seemed to be ready to reply to Sir Richard the speaker put the motion and the address in reply was carried without division or amendment, the house thereby endorsing the government and its policy in the South African question particularly.

KETTLE RIVER RAILWAY.

At a meeting of the Grand Forks board of trade, held last week, the following strong resolution was unanimously adopted:

"That whereas the Boundary country is entitled to railway competition the same as any other portion of Canada, and whereas the people of the Boundary country are unanimous in favor of the Kettle river railway, and whereas, owing to the formation of the country the relationship between the United States and Canada along the international line here for 150 miles is very close, and whereas a large amount of American capital is invested here, and a great many Americans reside here, and have and are becoming British subjects, and a railway to the south would largely help to bring in American capital and American people, and whereas it has been declared by eminent smelting men that the Kettle river valley is the most economical place to smelt the ores of British Columbia and Washington states, and will build up one of the greatest industries in the country, and will eventually employ thousands of men at high wages, and whereas no bonus is asked for this charter, we believe it should be granted as a matter of course by parliament.

"Whereas the duty is quite sufficient to keep American goods out, and over 90 per cent of the goods and merchandise consumed in this section are to-day bought in Canada.

"Be it resolved, that we heartily endorse the application for the Kettle river railway, and request and instruct the secretary to send a copy of this resolution to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Hon. A. G. Blair, and Hewitt Boslock, M. P., and request their hearty co-operation in support of this bill."

You Save Money

AT THE SIGN OF THE



The cold season has now arrived. Prudent buyers are now selecting their Heating and Cook Stoves. Call and examine our lines in

Stewart's "Good Cheer"
McClary's "Famous"
AND Gurney's "Oxford".

Wood and Coal Cooks, Cast and Steel Ranges and Heaters, all styles and patterns. See our

"Agricultural urnaces"

With Coal Grate. Something new in this section.



WE HANDLE.

McDougall's CELEBRATED Iron Pumps

And carry the largest stock west of Winnipeg.

You have the benefit of thirty years' experience in the Stove and Hardware trade when you deal with

STOVEL & STRANG,

Phone 66.

Corner Main and Queen Streets

For the Best Goods at Lowest Prices

GO DIRECT TO THE.

Manchester House.

(ESTABLISHED 1886)

The Great Bargain Centre of Edmonton

SPECIAL SNAP IN THE FOLLOWING LINES:

Serges in all Popular Shades, 25c. per yard.
Black Figured Goods (Special) 30c. per yard.
Good Gingham, 7c. per yard.
Flannelettes, 20 yards for \$1.00.
Flannelette Blankets (11½) \$1.00 per pair.
Large Range of Corsets, 50c. and upwards.
Handkerchiefs (Plain and Fancy) 2 for 5c., 5c., and 3 for 10c., etc.
Ladies' Silk Gloves, all shades, 32 in. Special. 75c

Agent for the Delineator Co. A full supply of Butterick's Patterns kept on hand.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

War Insurance.

Below is the exact wording of a New York Life Policy:

"This Policy is absolutely free of conditions as to Residence, Occupation and Travel, as to Habits of Life, and as to Manner, Time or Place of Death. No permit or extra premium will be required for Military or Naval Service, either in time of Peace or in time of War."

IMPORTANT NOTICE.—The Agent at Edmonton has been given special power to issue *Interim Receipts* which take effect at once and are absolutely binding on the Company even before a Medical Examination is made. Call and see our Policy.

Insurance in force \$1,060,000,000.

Yours for the Best, Strongest and Most Progressive Insurance Company in the World.

A. G. HARRISON, District Agent.

Office next McDougall & Secord's, Edmonton.

What's the Use of Advertising?

Why do you Spend Money in it?

You advertise to attract business.

You attract business by attracting attention to your business. By getting your business before the public, so that those who want what you have got will come to you for it.

Any means of getting your business before the public is advertising. The question is what is the cheapest and most effective means.

Probably the most striking example of the results of judicious advertising is the success of the departmental stores. This success could not be achieved except by advertising; and it could not be achieved except by newspaper advertising. By no other means could the attractions of these stores be brought before such a wide and distant circle of customers as by newspaper advertising.

The value of a newspaper as a means of advertising depends upon its circulation coupled with its standing with the community. A newspaper without standing, which does not itself attract attention and inspire confidence, is little or no better than a poster or circular which is thrown aside as soon as its nature is discovered. While a newspaper which does arouse the interest and inspire the confidence of the public is read and re-read, and passed from hand to hand for weeks after it reaches the subscriber.

The BULLETIN is read more widely throughout the Edmonton district than any other newspaper. An advertisement in the columns of the BULLETIN is the best value that can be got for the money in reaching the people of the district.

The value of an advertisement is not in the space which it occupies so much as in the circulation which it receives. Ten inches of space in a paper of 500 circulation is not nearly as good value to the advertiser as five inches of space in a paper having 1000 circulation.

Advertising space \$1.00 an inch per month. Change as often as you please.

WAR NOTES.

LACOMBE.

Feb. 12th. 1900.

At a banquet at Emerson on the 9th, Premier Macdonald, of Manitoba, announced in discussing the policy of the railway subsidies, that the secret agreements made by the Greenway government would be repudiated.

A letter received from Col. Baden-Powell tells how he conducts the defence of Mafeking by telephone. He made himself a bomb-proof mound, in the centre of the town. He says: "I sit in my bomb-proof mound, writing these lines, and I am in communication with each one of my outposts. At each one of these outposts a telescope keeps constant watch on the Boer outposts and on the river. As soon as I see the way which the Boers are about to be directed the wireless communications send word and the bell, with which each defensive position is provided, rings. The Boers are about to fall. In the open at once I shout to ground like rabbits."

Apply to the nearest steamship or railway ticket agent, or to

WILLIAM STITT,
General Agent, Winnipeg.
C. P. R. Office.

Cedar Sash and Doors, Mouldings, Casings, et Window and Door Frames made to order. Also a kinds of Turned Work.

Kanawasis Lime for sale. A carload to arrive next week.

K. A. McLEOD, Proprietor
Mill and office, corner Namayo Avenue
P.O. Box 175

FORT SASKATCHEWAN MILLING Co

LIQUORS

LOCAL.

—T. W. Lines is in Winnipeg.
—J. T. Blowsy returned from a visit to the east on Friday.
—W. F. Gouin, C. E., returned from Winnipeg on Monday.
—D. Evans, boiler inspector, came in from the south on Tuesday.
—C. de W. MacDonald, crown prosecutor, returned from Wetaskiwin on Friday.
—E. C. Pell, formerly station agent at Fernie, B. C., came in from Greenwood on Monday to reside here.
—J. V. E. Carpenter writes to P. Anderson from Winnipeg that he has joined Strathcona's Horse there, and leaves for Ottawa on the 10th.
—T. A. Stephen has issued a comprehensive and neatly printed list of the farm lands for sale in the Edmonton district, together with description and prices.

—At a meeting of the residents of statute labor district No. 192, on Saturday 10th inst., J. F. McRae, of Riverview, was elected overseer for the years 1900 and 1901.

—A. G. Harrison, local agent of the New York Life, has received authority to issue interim insurance receipts which are binding on the company even before a medical examination is made.

—At the annual meeting of the trustees of Glenora R. C. P. S. district J. F. McRae was chosen chairman, Geo. Ryan, secretary treasurer, and Miles D. McMillan and R. J. McDonald, trustees.

—Anniversary services in the Baptist church next Sunday, 18th inst., service will be conducted in the morning by the pastor and in the evening by Rev. C. D. Campbell, of the Presbyterian church, Strathcona.

—Major Snyder, of Strathcona's Horse leaves in the morning for the east to rejoin his command. Mrs. Snyder and children accompany him as far as Peterborough, Ont.

—W. A. Lowry, formerly local manager of the Wawanesa Mutual Insurance company, has resigned and joined Strathcona's Horse at Calgary. Mr. Lowry came up Monday night and returned Tuesday to rejoin the troop.

—J. B. Little returned from a trip east on Friday's train. He spent a short time in Boston where he says he found a great many people interested in this part of Canada and not a few intended moving to this country to reside. A great deal of misapprehension existed regarding Alberta and its climate, many being under the impression that the inhabitants consisted of Indians and the climate was that of the arctic regions.

—Richard Guthrie, of Fort Saskatchewan, one of the pioneers of the country, died at the hospital here on Tuesday. The deceased served with the 60th Rifles in Malta, afterwards coming to Canada with them in 1867. While with them he saw service in the first rebellion in 1870. Afterwards Mr. Guthrie joined the 18th in 1870. Of late years he has been farming near Fort Saskatchewan. He leaves a wife and four children.

—E. J. Lawrence, who purchased the Sturgeon mill machinery, has purchased the mill building, and is now offering it for sale. It would make an excellent grainery if moved to some of the nearby farms. Eleven teams with the first loads of the mill machinery are now at Lesser Slave lake to which point all the machinery will be hauled during the winter. It will take three trips to land it all at the lake, after which it will be hauled over the portage to Peace river, down which it will be floated on rafts to Vermilion, when spring opens. Mr. Lawrence also takes in a quantity of agricultural machinery.

—W. Fielders, formerly of Edmonton, now attached to the 10th Cavalry, mounted infantry, under General Buller, on the Tugela, has written to relatives here, under date of December 5th. He was through the battle of Colenso and said he and his comrades had to literally hug the earth, while the bullets whistled around as thick as hail stones. Forty-five men were killed right around them. They crawled to cover in the same way, all the time fighting an unceasing foe. He speaks in the highest terms of praise of General Buller and Colonel Thorneycroft. His cowboy hat had been the means of getting him into trouble once or twice through being mistaken for a Boer, when he had narrowly escaped being shot by his companions.

—E. J. Lawrence, of Vermilion, Peace river, has a number of most interesting photographs of his time on Peace river, harvesting operations, field of growing crops, his leaving the Peace, view of his saw mill destroyed by fire, snap shot of the treaty commissioners taken last summer, as well as numbers of others scenes along the Peace. Though taken by an amateur the work is well done. The great interest, however, which attaches to the views is that they show as nothing else would what the Peace river country is, and what it can do in the way of agriculture and other industries. The view of the field of oats showed Mr. Lawrence, who is five feet ten inches in height, standing among them the tops being even with his head. His house and all the buildings on his farm are solid and substantial structures, more like the average Ontario house and barn than what would be expected in a region so far north. The surprise with which Klondikers and the treaty commissioners are struck this oasis of civilization and comfort in a wilderness of unsettled country hundreds of miles from anywhere can be readily understood after seeing the photographs mentioned.

—John Kelly, of K-ity & Beale, is in Winnipeg on a business visit.

—Supt. Griesbach went south this morning to purchase mounts for Strathcona's Horse along the C. & E. Only a very few horses were purchased here, the class offered not fulfilling the requirements.

—A. E. Hogue, of the gold dredge Otter, came in from Montreal on Tuesday. Messrs. McFarlane and Hobson, of the Otter Co., will arrive shortly to arrange for the renewal of mining operations on the river here.

—The Tyrrell-Hairdell-Lothbush exploration expedition to Great Slave lake and Hudson Bay leaves for the north tomorrow with two dog teams. They will procure additional dog teams at Lac la Piche. The party number 8, in all, including drivers.

—Two new post offices will be opened shortly west of Lac. They are Conjurung Creek postmaster, and Colvar on section 36-48-27-4. C. J. Blomquist postmaster. The mails will be delivered from Leduc.

The first hockey match between the Shamrocks, of Montreal, and the Victorias, of Winnipeg, on Monday night was won by the Victorias by 4 to 3. The second match played last night was won by the Shamrocks by 3 to 2. The final is played to-night.

—Bridge work has been delayed for the last few days by unpleasant weather, but was resumed to-day. The riveting of the floor is being carried on simultaneously. The work will be completed and the bridge ready for traffic in two weeks if the weather remains mild.

—Major Griesbach returned from Calgary on Monday. On the down trip on Friday the Edmonton quota of Strathcona's Horse were tendered ovals at Wetaskiwin, Lacombe and Innisfail. At Wetaskiwin an address was read and \$30 presented to the men. The four men from Lacombe were given an enthusiastic send off by their fellow citizens, and at Innisfail the departing volunteer from that place received an address and purse.

MCDONALD-TRIMBLE.

At Strathcona, Wednesday, J. R. Donald, liverman, of Edmonton, was united in marriage to Miss Trimble, second daughter, of J. A. Trimble, of Strathcona, formerly of Edmonton. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Adamson. The young couple will reside in Edmonton.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Alberta—P. A. Acres, Hamilton; P. B. Cunliffe, Fort Saskatchewan; E. Proseus, St. Albert; A. G. McKittrick, White Whale lake; P. N. Schultz, Toronto; Geo. Lindsay, Winnipeg; W. H. McGuire, Brockville; E. C. Pell, and wife, Willie Mills, Greenwood; F. J. Fisher, and wife, W. F. Gouin, R. Cochran, Winnipeg; W. F. Biedin, E. C. Roberts, Lesser Slave lake; W. F. Langworthy, W. Sullivan, Fort Saskatchewan.

Queen's—Geo. Morin, Lesser Slave lake; S. Lamoureux, Fort Saskatchewan; O. Marshall, Nova Scotia; R. K. Stewart, town; W. A. Lowry, Calgary; Robt. Harp and wife, Beaver Hills; J. A. Drysdale, Brandon; J. Brennan, Sturgeon; D. Evans, Calgary; P. Lamoureux, W. R. Baldwin, H. Lambert, Fort Saskatchewan; J. D. McDonald, St. Albert; S. J. Eccles, Spruce Grove.

Mr. Charleson, superintendent of construction of the telegraph line from Ashcroft to Atlin, is in Vancouver. Mr. Charleson has sent four men ahead to prepare the way. He will not commence the Atlin end owing to the White Pass railway being blocked. Forty men will start construction on Saturday. Mr. Charleson has six carpenters with him, who are to be engaged on the erection of a court house and post office at Dawson, and a post office at Atlin. He says the government has also instructed him to build a 50-mile line from Dawson to Circle City, to connect with a line built from St. Michael to Circle City by an American company.

Active steps are being taken by the war office to continue sending troops until enough are at the seat of war to secure and maintain British supremacy. Four more transports have been secured and two thousand men are constantly employed at Woolwich arsenal and all the gun and ammunition factories are working night and day to execute government orders. The weekly output of four firms are four million rounds outside of the requirements for South Africa. Great Britain is accumulating immense stores of war material. Several European powers have consented to allow the military stores now being constructed for them to be transferred to England, they agreeing to wait for the fulfilment of their orders until the present war is over. In a short time England will have 100 millions ready for the field. In addition forty-three batteries of fifteen pounders built on the latest models are being created. The stores of ammunition is also being replenished at once. The war office has directed the Eighth Division of 1,000 men to prepare for service.

The Merchants Bank of Canada.
CAPITAL PAID UP \$6,000,000.
RESERVE FUND \$2,600,000.
Head Office, Montreal.
Edmonton Branch transacts a general banking business.
J. S. WILLMOTT, Manager.

FUNERAL OF JACOB FRANZ.

The funeral of Jacob Franz took place on Wednesday afternoon from Houston's Hall to the cemetery here. All arrangements were made by the local lodge of Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of which order the deceased was a member, having joined Salem Lodge, No. 106, South Dakota. A number of Grand Army men were also present, Mr. Franz having been a veteran of the civil war, and one of that society. The cortege was formed at Houston's Hall and moved thence to the cemetery. A number of wreaths were placed on the coffin by sympathizing friends, among the floral offerings being three links of evergreens and roses from the Odd Fellows lodge here. At the grave the funeral service was conducted by Rev. D. G. McQueen, after which the burial service of the I. O. O. F. was read above the grave.

The pall-bearers were: Geo. Parslow, Jas. Little, C. E. Suter, A. H. Haines, Geo. Bull and W. C. Proctor. The son of the deceased man arrived on Monday night but too late to see his father alive.

GAZETTE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

To be commissioners for taking affidavits: James Munro, Bowden, Alta.; Chas. Palmer Geo., Red Deer, Alta.; The resignation of Alexander McEay, Horse Hills, justice of the peace, is accepted.

Township 57, range 19, west 4th meridian, is formed into local improvement district, number 465, returning officer, David McCall, Edna, Alberta.

Bellrose Catholic school district, number 6, is empowered to borrow \$500.

Sections 7, 18, 19, 30, and 31 in township 56, range 17, and sections 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 35, and 36 in township 56, range 18, west of the 4th meridian, have been formed into a school district under the corporate name of the Westok public school district, No. 528, of the Northwest Territories.

TOWN COUNCIL.

Regular meeting held Tuesday night, all present except Couns. Brown, Lee and Strang.

After routine business was disposed of a communication was read from J. P. Allen, Toronto, regarding the erection of a steam laundry here, and asking if a suitable vacant building could be rented for the purpose. Mr. Allen was replied to stating that in the opinion of the council there is an excellent opening here for a steam laundry, and other information regarding price of lots was also given him.

P. W. Estes, Flaton, Mich., wrote stating that there were a number of people in his state who intended emigrating to Alberta in the spring, and asking for information regarding the country. Request was complied with.

Geo. Thomas, Brandon, Man., wrote regarding opening a machine shop here, and asking the price of coal, lumber and wood, also what bonus the town offered. He was given the information asked for, and offered the same inducements that had been held out to other inquirers on the same subject.

Communication of Edgar Switzer, for Lacombe Central school, asking to borrow on debenture the sum of \$600, was replied to by stating that the town would advance the amount required on condition that the patrons of the school be authorized to authority, etc., from the Northwest government being complied with.

T. A. Stephen wrote accepting the position of auditor for the year 1899 as a salary of \$200, work to be completed at the earliest possible moment, but no set time stipulated. Mr. Stephen was formally engaged to do the work.

Communication of C. W. Peterson, deputy commissioner of public works, Regina, regarding the maintenance of Levi Gardner, an indigent in the hospital here. Communication was replied to.

In the event of a by-law being submitted to the ratepayers for purchase of a market stand on the corner of Rice and Queen streets, the Dering company guaranteed to pay \$50 toward the expense of submitting the by-law. The by-law was submitted some months ago and was defeated, but the amount of the guarantee has not yet been paid. With a view to taking proceedings to collect the amount the matter was referred to the finance committee who will take action.

Letter of L. G. Sulc, of the fire brigade, asking that the town supply runners and rollers for the old chemical engine, brought up from last meeting, was further laid over until next meeting.

Mr. Beck's letter of some time ago, regarding alterations in agreement with the town as solicitor, was laid over until next regular meeting.

Meetings of the council are now being held weekly.
CARD OF THANKS.
I wish most sincerely to thank the members of friendship lodge, I. O. O. F., No. 7, the sisters in charge of the hospital here, the Grand Army veterans, and the people of Edmonton for their many acts of kindness and friendly care bestowed on my father, Jacob Franz, during his last illness here, and I also desire to thank them for the sympathy which has been most feelingly expressed for me in my hour of bereavement. Words cannot express my gratitude and thanks.
JOHN J. FRANZ.

ROSS 1900 BROS.

Cook Stoves and Ranges

NEW PATTERNS NEW STYLES

Another Car of Cook Stoves to hand. No ADVANCE IN PRICES, but improvements in Stoves.

DOHERTY'S DE-CARBON STEEL STOVES

Will not crack or warp with heat. We carry the best assortment. Our Prices are Right.

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GRAND JEWEL RANGES. (For Coal and Wood.) HAPPY HOME RANGES.

Handles! - Handles!

Just put into stock a Carload of assorted handles of all kinds.

AXE HANDLES—See our Second-growth Selected Handle for 25 cents.

EVERYTHING IN HANDLES AT EASTERN PRICES

Pumps - Myers' - Pumps

We could handle twenty different makes of pumps, but we know from careful study of conditions and many years of experience that the MYERS' PUMPS properly set up give best results and longest wear for the money. Most water with least work. Thousands of feet of Pipe all sizes for Pumps. Competent workmen fit them up.

See our 1200lb Platform Scales with wheels at \$20

A Pointer. BUY BARB WIRE. We Handle it.

IT PAYS TO BUY ROSS BROS.

HOCKEY.

The second hockey match in the series of three for the Houston cup was played on the Shamrock rink, Strathcona, on Monday last, and resulted in a victory for the Shamrocks by a score of 7 to 4. This leaves one game for the Shamrocks and for Edmonton. The third and final match will be played here on 26th. In Monday's match Edmonton did not have its regular team, being minus its goal keeper, Aldridge, one of the stand-bys of the club, and its indefatigable forward, McLeod. Both these players will be in evidence at the next match.

The respective teams on Monday were:
Shamrocks. Thistles. L. Goodridge. goal. Buckle. J. Greenwood. point. McIntyre. Hildy. cover. McDonald. Sibley. point. McMillan. McDonald. point. Benson. Sibley. forwards. Richards. Robertson. forwards. Blain.

CREAM Y MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Edmonton District Butter & Cheese Mfg. Association, Ltd., was held in the town hall, Edmonton, on Saturday, 10th Feb. at 2 p. m. John Kennedy, president, in the chair.

The auditor's report was read and adopted.

Moved by Geo. A. Clapp, seconded by W. D. Carscadden that the secretary notify the department of agriculture that the patrons of the creamery are well satisfied with the manner in which the factory has been operated during the year 1899 and request the government to operate it during 1900.

It was resolved to sell skimming stations building at Sturgeon and Lepak lake.

John Kennedy was elected president, Gus Doze, vice-president; John A. McDougall, auditor. The following directors were elected: G. T. Montgomery, F. S. Mitchell, Geo. A. Clapp, R. Hare, M. Groat, S. Symons and Philip Mohr, Junior.

RESOLUTION OF CONDOLENCE.

At a regular review of Edmonton Tent No. 6, K. O. T. M. the following resolution was unanimously passed: "That, whereas, it has pleased the supreme ruler to afflict our Brother Sir Knight Hockley by removing from this earthly sphere his beloved mother we the Sir Knights of Edmonton Tent, No. 6, Knights of the Maccoches do hereby sympathize with him in his afflictions and that the Sir Knight record keeper do enter this resolution in the records of this tent."

DEATHS.

McGillivray—At Whitford on Jan. 31, 1900, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Montrose McGillivray, at the age of two weeks.

Desjarlais—At Whitford on February 3rd, 1900, Velma, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Desjarlais, aged 1 year and 9 months.

COURTHOUSES FOR THE WEST.

In the senate Hon. David Mills said the necessity of establishing additional courthouses in the North-west Territories had not escaped notice, nor had the people failed to bring the matter to notice. He thought that the settlement of the country indicated Yorkton as a suitable place. There should be some improvement in Edmonton and down towards Fort MacLeod. He could not indicate anything in advance of his estimates but these matters had received attention from him; the matter was dropped at this point and the senate adjourned until March 1.

FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.

Through the courtesy of John Fielders the Bulletin has had the privilege of reading the Natal Witness, published at Pietermaritzburg, Natal, and received from his brother, W. Fielders, now with General Buller. The issue at hand is dated January 6th. Pietermaritzburg being between Durban and Ladysmith, on General Buller's line of communication the Witness is in a position to give news first hand. The issue is, naturally given up principally to news of the war, over which the Witness does not appear to be at all excited. In its editorial columns the war is not dealt with at any length; though in mentioning it it says: "M. Fabre, the Canadian High Commissioner to Paris, did justice to England in saying that the British public and British statesmen were visibly opposed to an extreme course, which Kruger threw away opportunity after opportunity for settlement. Had the Canadians, he told the Parisians, seen any disposition to grant racial equality in the Transvaal, they would have taken it upon themselves to have offered mediation. But they offered military assistance to the Empire 'which they knew by experience would threaten the independence of the Empire' and so forth. It has been said that the British Empire is no loose aggregate of unsympathetic parts, but that the heart of one beats responsible to the hearts of all the others. The war has consolidated the Empire as no human ingenuity and no statesmanship could have welded it. The Colonies have said to the world: 'Nemo nos impune lacescit'; and 'if you strike at our mother you strike at all of us.' Under the hegemony of Athens each member had to contribute to the common fund. Under the hegemony of Great Britain her Colonies not only offer their troops and vessels, but ask, almost as a favour, to be allowed to bear the cost."

CLATWORTHY AGAIN.

The London Times has the following which is of interest in as much as one of the principal characters was a Klondiker who went north by the Edmonton route, and is not unknown here:

The first chapter in a peculiar case was concluded at Bow street on Saturday, when Mr. Harold Davis, of 51 North-end, Croydon, was summoned by Mr. Thomas Eyre Clatworthy, a civil engineer, for stealing jewellery valued at about £100.

Complainant said that in October 1897 he left his wife and three children, who were staying at 46, Upper Bedford-place, and went to Klondike. In the house he left £50 in cash and the jewellery mentioned, and he also transferred £450 which he had in the bank to his wife's name. When he returned in April last he found his house boarded establishment—in charge of a manageress, and his wife had disappeared.

In December last he heard she was dead, and he caused an inquest to be held, at which the defendant gave evidence that in October 1898 he went to complainant's residence and found Mrs. Clatworthy penniless. He took her to Liverpool, where they lived together until on December 19 she died, and he registered her death in the name of Bertha Caroline Davis, the same name appearing on the coffin plate. Mr. Daniel Morgan, a pensioned police inspector, now in business for himself, said he had ascertained that the parents of the dead woman had all the jewellery except two diamond rings, which were in possession of the defendant's solicitor. At the request of the complainant the case was adjourned.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Northwest Territories at its next session by and on behalf of Joseph Eugene Laurenceau, bank manager, James Ross, merchant; Stanislas LaRue, merchant of Edmonton, Alberta; N. W. T., in the said Northwest Territories, and of Louis Zepherin Mathieu, contractor, and Louis Arthur Bouvier, gentlemen, both of the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, and such other persons as shall become associated with them for an act of incorporation under the name of "THE FROVIENT-PRIST & INVESTMENT COMPANY," more specially for the purposes of executing the offices of executor, administrator, trustee, receiver, assignee, and carrying on a general trust, deposit, agency, loan and guarantee business with a place of business in the town of Edmonton, in the said Northwest Territories.

Edmonton, February 1st, 1900.

FOUND.

Late last November in the Clover Bar Settlement I found on the road a gentleman's overcoat. I have so far failed to find an owner for it. Anyone giving information leading to her recovery will be suitably rewarded, or any person who will kindly leave word at Ted. Kuller's Drug Store as to the part of town she was in and in what direction she was going. The same will be fully received.

STRAWN OR STOLEN.
From Edmonton on Saturday afternoon, the 10th of February, a dark colored dog, one colored, with white on belly, back and legs, white spot on forehead, in good condition, and heavy in collar, was found. Anyone giving information leading to her recovery will be suitably rewarded, or any person who will kindly leave word at Ted. Kuller's Drug Store as to the part of town she was in and in what direction she was going. The same will be fully received.